8. CAPSULE SUMMARY CT-1149

The Gruitt barn is located on Huntingtown road, approximately one-tenth of a mile from its intersection with Mill Branch road. It is associated with the historic house known as Spittle Hall. There are no other nearby barns connected with this property. The barn measures forty by twenty-four feet and has a cross-axial plan. The materials used include circular sawn lumber and fully mature machine cut nails, dating the barn to the period between ca. 1860 and 1890. There is a fourteen foot wide original shed on the south side of the barn. The unusual roof is of stamped tin with a decorative design. The usage of wide closely-spaced vertical boards for siding has been determined to be relatively frequent for nineteenth-century barns, and may indicate a different approach to ventilation.

8. Sig	gnificance		Survey No. CT-11	49
Period Areas of Significance—Cl _ prehistoric archeology-prehistoric 1500–1599 agriculture 1600–1699 architecture 1700–1799 art 1800–1899 commerce 1900– communications		community planning conservation	literature military music philosophy politics/government	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
Specific da	ites	Builder/Architect		
Aį	pplicable Criteria:A and/or pplicable Exception:A	BCDF		
	evel of Significance:oth a summary paragraph o			history and
support.	1 F			iii

See Attachment.

10. Geograp	hical Data		
Acreage of nominated proper Quadrangle name Lower Month of the UTM References do NOT	ertyMarlboro, MD complete UTM refe	rences	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
A Zone Easting	Northing	В	Easting Northing
C		D F H	
Verbal boundary descrip			
List all states and counti	es for properties over	county	unty boundaries code
state	code	county	code
11. Form Pro	epared By		
	lliamsen-Berry		
c/p Calvert Count organization Dept	y-Historic Dist . of Planning a		
street & number Cour	thouse	tele	ephone 535-1600
city or town Prince F:			

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No.

DOE __yes __no

1 Nom	4. 1.			
1. Nam	(indica	te preferred name)		
historic				
	Gruitt Barn			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	5750 Hunt:	ingtown Rd.	_	not for publication
city, town Hu	ntingtown	vicinity of	congressional distric	ct
state MD		cou	ınty Calvert	
3. Clas	sificatio	<u>n</u>		
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisiti in process being conside not applic	_X_ yes: restricted ered yes: unrestricted	entertainment government	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation x other:storage
4. Own	er of Pro	perty (give name	es and mailing addres	sses of <u>all</u> owners)
name Mr. Do	n Gruitt			
street & number	5750 Hur	ntingtown Rd.	telephone	no.: 257-6971
city, town Hun	tińgtown	st	ate and zip code MD	20639
5. Loca	ation of L	egal Descrip	tion	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	Calvert County Cour	thouse	liber
street & number		Main Street (MD 765)	folio
city, town		Prince Frederick	sta	te ^{MD}
6. Repr	esentati	on in Existin	g Historical Su	rveys
title				
łe			federal	state county loca
depository for su	rvey records			
city, town			stat	te

Condition X deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered altered	Check one —— original si —— moved	ite date of move	

Survey No. CT-1149

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

See Attachment.

7. Description

7. DESCRIPTION CT-1149

The Gruitt barn is located on Huntingtown road, approximately one-tenth of a mile from its intersection with Mill Branch road. It is associated with the historic house known as Spittle Hall. There are no other nearby barns connected with this property. The barn measures forty by twenty-four feet and has a cross-axial plan. The materials used include circular sawn lumber and fully mature machine cut nails, dating the barn to the period between ca. 1860 and 1890. There is a fourteen foot wide shed on the south side of the barn.

The barn is divided into five eight foot wide bays. eight foot wide double doors centered along its north facade, and on the east and west gable ends. The north door on the barn is older than the other doors (possible wrought nails weatherboarding). It may have been re-used from an earlier barn. The interior south wall has no evidence of a doorway. blocks support the frame. The sills are circular sawn and measure eight by ten inches. The posts are circular sawn. The door and corner posts measure eight by eight inches, the internal posts measure six by eight inches. The down braces are circular sawn, and measure four by eight inches. The cross sills are hand hewn and pit sawn, and measure eight and one half by ten and threequarters inches. Horizontal nailing rails are circular sawn and measure three and three-quarters by four inches. Fully mature machine cut nails are used to join all timbers.

Vertical wall siding with some occasional ventilation doors covers the exterior. The second story has doors above the barn, on the south and west sides. The door on the north side of the barn is a two story door. Metal roofing covers the entire barn. metal roof consists of stamped tin with a decorative design. Rafters are on four foot centers and rest on a flat false plate. Posts are both half-lapped and joined via mortise and tenon with trunnels to the top plate. There are windbraces on all four diagonals and v-braces over each doorway of the facades. collars and king posts support the roof. The tier poles are peeled logs separated by forty inches vertical distance. There are peeled log poles down the central axis, separated by four feet width. There is a horizontal screw type tobacco prize and a few remaining hogsheads inside the barn.

It appears that the barn and shed are contemporary, as there is no evidence of a doorway or siding along the south wall of the barn.

There is one eight foot wide double doorway centered along the south facade of the shed. It is possible that there was once a track doorway on the west side of the shed, as there are many nail holes in the siding, that form the pattern of a large door, but this cannot be confirmed. The shed is supported on concrete that

7. DESCRIPTION CT-1149 (CONTINUED)

has all but sunk entirely into the ground below. The materials in the shed are circular sawn and attached with cut nails. The top plate on the north side is a re-used older piece (it has stud mortises on two foot centers). Posts are mortise and tenon with trunnels. Portions of the sill are replacements. Much of the siding is of wide vertical boards thirteen inches wide. This type of siding is extant on the east and south sides. The siding on the north side is narrow replacement siding. There is a feeding bin in the south shed, and a few horizontal nailed boards close off this section. These elements indicate that this portion of the shed was used as a stable.

8. SIGNIFICANCE CT-1149

This barn is architecturally significant for several reasons. It is associated with the historic property known as Spittle Hall. The measurements and plan of the barn are the same as those most typical of early nineteenth century barns. However, the circular sawn lumber used in the construction of this barn, combined with the fully mature machine-cut nails, date it to the mid-late nineteenth century, after the introduction of a saw mill to the county ca. 1860, and prior to the use of wire nails. The mortise and tenon joinery substantiates this date. This is the only barn recorded by this survey that has a stamped tin roof. This roof may allow the barn to be dated very specifically.

This barn also yields information regarding agricultural history in Southern Maryland. In February 1990, a tobacco barn survey was initiated in order to study the tobacco barns of Calvert County. Until fairly recently, tobacco was the most important farm crop of the county. More acreage was devoted to its cultivation than for both of the next most extensive farm products (corn and wheat). The barns and stripping houses related to this "Tobacco Culture" are widely recognized as the most common element on the rural These structures are also the most threatened, as the landscape. market for tobacco declines. They seem to have, at present, only limited capabilities for re-use. Many barns and stripping houses now stand empty. The purpose of this survey has been to gather information and document a wide sample of these structures before they disappear from the landscape.

Historical Period theme(s): ca. 1860-; Tobacco; Agriculture Geographical Organization: Western Shore Chesapeake Bay Calvert Cty MD

Chronological/Developmental Period: ca. 1860-Present Resource Type(s): Tobacco Barn

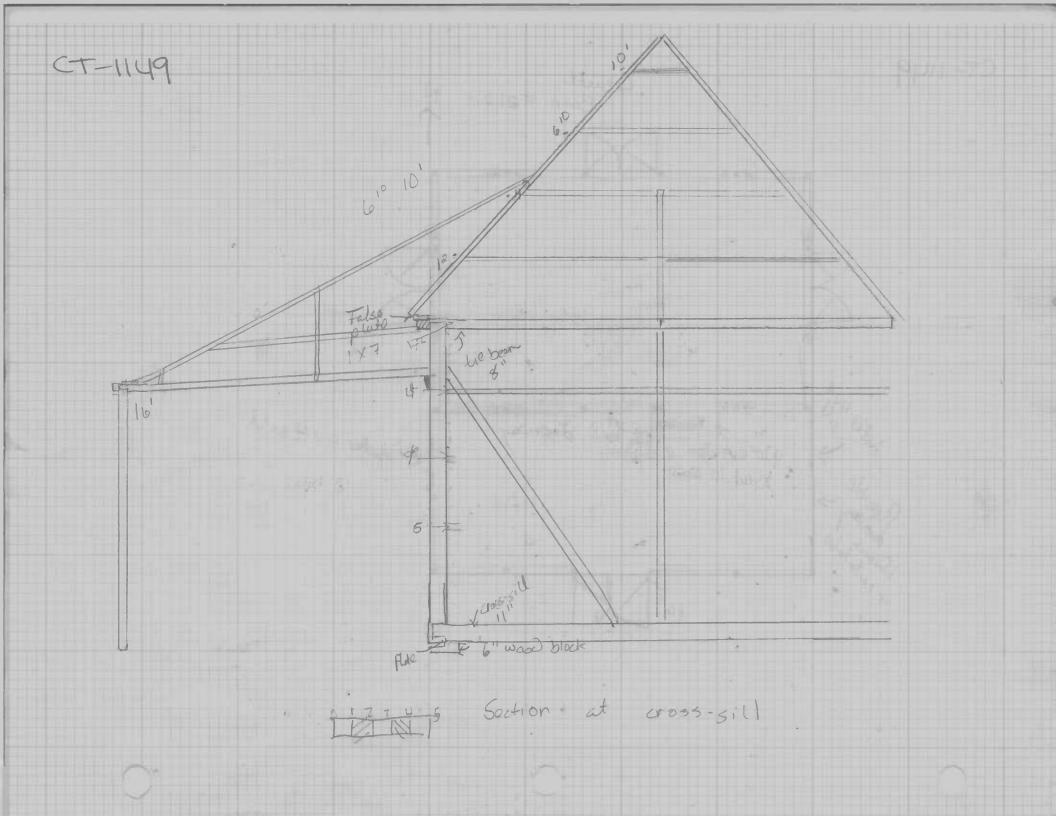
This barn has not changed significantly over the years since it was built. The stamped tin metal roof is original, as is the south shed. The barn has deteriorated significantly, and is no longer being maintained. A few additions, such as the replacement sill in the shed, and other replacements are among its few modification. It is now used solely for storage.

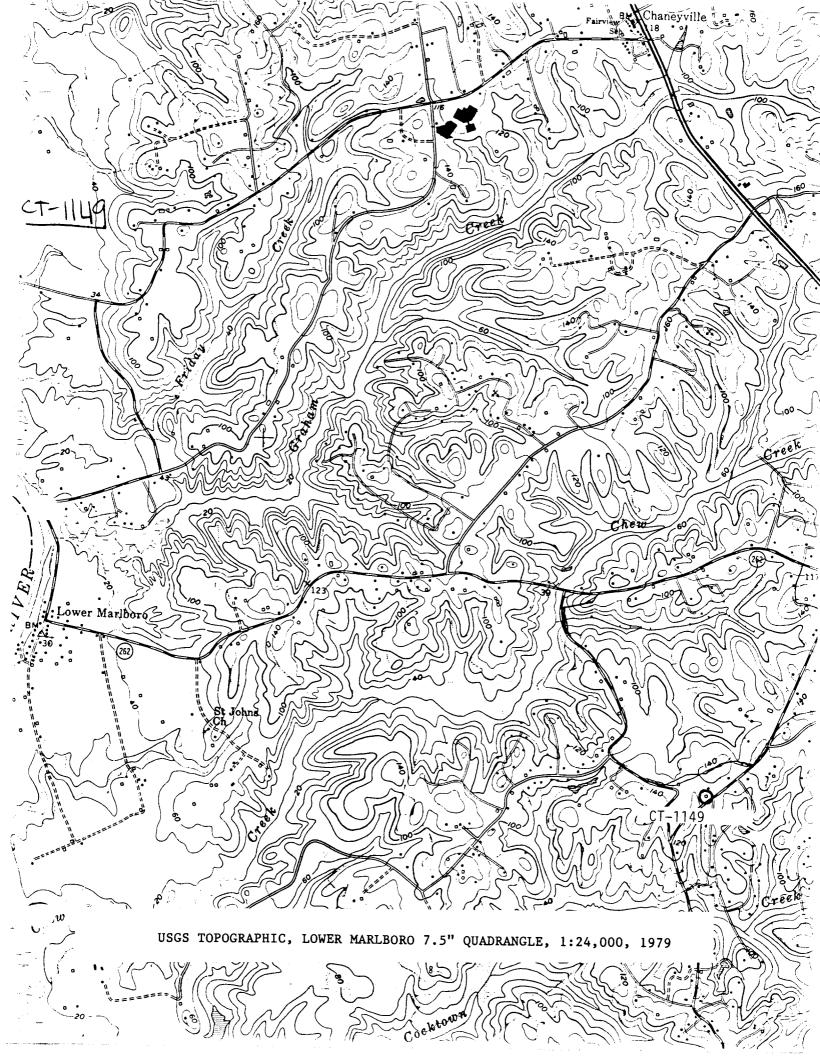
#2122 - Gruitt Barn. INTENSIVE LEVEL

wood blocks supports. Posts circular sawn cut nails eight by eight inches, six by eight interior posts. Down braces circ. sawn, cut nails, four by eight inches. Cross sills hand hewn and pit sawn, eight and one half by ten and three-quarters inches. Horizontal nailing rails circular sawn, cut nails three and three-quarters by four inches. Vertical wall siding with some doors. Second story doors above barn, doors on S, 2. Door on north side is a two story Metal roofing covers the barn. This metal roof is of stamped tin with a decorative design. The shed section is covered with corrugated metal roof. Rafters are on four foot centers and rest on a flat false plate. Posts are half-lapped and mortise and tenon with trunnels to the top plate. There are windbraces on all four diagonal and in V over each doorway of the facade. collars and king posts support the roof. The tier poles are peeled logs separated by forty inches vertical distance. There are peeled log poles down the central axis. There is a horizontal prize and remaining hogshead inside the barn.

The shed is supported on concrete that has all but disappeared. The materials in the shed are circular sawn and attached with cut nails. The top plate on the north side is a re-used older piece (has stud mortises on two foot centers). The siding on the north side is a narrow replacement. Posts are mortise and tenon. Most of the siding is vertical wide boards thirteen inches wide on east side, above doorway on south side. Feeding bin in south shed, boards closing it off indicated stable use of this shed. Barn and shed are contemporary. North door on barn older than other doors (possible wrought nails in its weatherboarding). Tobacco curing and stabling fulfilled in this barn.

CT-1149 Graitt Born #2127 No evidence Siding Stube and E Later 4x451 U







CT- 4149